# Formglas Products Ltd.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1: Identification

Product Identifier Concreet TM

Other means of identification

Synonyms Faux Concrete, Glass Fiber Reinforced Gypsum, Molded Stone

SDS# Concreet

Recommended Use Architectural building products for interior use Recommended Restrictions Not for exterior use or flooring applications

Manufacturer Information Formglas Products Ltd.

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Section 2: Hazard identification

Classification of the Concreet™ Glass Fiber Reinforced Gypsum is a mixture of ingredients

Substance or Mixture molded into a solid manufactured "article" and not hazardous in its solid

molded into a solid manufactured "article" and not hazardous in its solid form. However, exposure to dust from cutting, grinding or otherwise altering these articles may irritate the eyes, skin, nose, throat or

respiratory tract. Hazards listed are associated with individual ingredients used in the manufacture of these articles. See Sections 8 and 11 for

information concerning exposure and personal protection.

Physical Hazards Not classified

Health Hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4

Serious eye damage/ eye irritation Category 2B

Environmental Hazards Not Classified

**Label Elements** 

Symbol None
Signal Word None
Hazard statement None

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** Wear protective gloves, eye and face protection, respiratory protection.

**Response** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye

irritation persists: Get medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

Hazards not otherwise classified Exposure to dust from cutting, grinding or otherwise altering these

manufactured articles may irritate the respiratory tract. Wear respiratory

protection. See Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**Mixture** 

Chemical name(s) CAS# Concentration (% wt.)

Gypsum – Calcium sulfate hemihydrate 10034-76-1 70.6 – 74.8

26499-65-0

Portland Cement	65997-15-1	13.2-14.0
Glass fiber	65997-17-3	4.1
Crystalline silica, quartz sand*	14808-60-7	3.3 - 8.3
Vermiculite, expanded	13808-00-9	2.0
Acrylic polymer	26300-51-6	1.4
Binder	919-30-2	0.3
Acrylic sealer	29911-28-2	0.1
Color pigments	57455-37-5	0 - 3.6
	1317-61-9	
	13463-67-7	
	1308-38-9	
Wood or steel (reinforcement, if required)	Not Assigned	0 - 5.1

Note: \* The weight percent listed is for total silica and not the respirable fraction. All silica has been bonded into the manufactured articles and is not respirable as provided. Cutting, grinding or otherwise altering the manufactured articles may produce respirable crystalline silica dust or wood dust. See Section 8 for exposure details. Proportions of individual color pigments vary depending on product color. The weight percent of the wood or steel reinforcement, if any, could vary depending on structural or attachment requirements.

#### Section 4: First-aid measures

Eye contact Particles or dust may cause irritation. Flush eyes immediately and thoroughly

with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention

if irritation persists or for eye abrasions.

Inhalation Particles or dust may cause irritation. Remove person to fresh air. Have affected

person blow nose or use soft tissues to remove particles or residues from

nostrils. If symptoms persists, get medical attention.

Skin contact For skin contact or irritation, wash immediately and thoroughly with soap and

water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. For minor cuts or abrasions, rinse away debris with water, clean with soap and water, disinfect and

bandage. Get medical attention as circumstances dictate.

Ingestion Rinse mouth with water immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical

advice. If symptoms persists, get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/

Eve irritation. Exposed individuals may experience eve tearing, redness and effects, acute and delayed

discomfort. Inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Symptoms may be

delayed.

#### Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Use water or other extinguishing measures that are appropriate to the local

circumstances and environment. There is no unsuitable extinguishing media

known.

Specific hazards During a fire, toxic gases and particulates (such as oxides of sulfur) may be

released by the decomposition of calcium sulfate. No unusual fire or explosion

hazards noted.

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should use standard fire-fighting procedures appropriate for the

local circumstances and environment.

#### Section 6: Accidental release measures

These solid manufactured articles do not represent a spill, leak or release hazard. Avoid actions that cause dust from damaged articles from becoming airborne. Avoid inhalation of dust. Wear gloves and other personal protective equipment. Refer to Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection. These articles, as supplied, are not classified as a hazardous waste material. Follow federal, state or provincial, or local regulations for solid waste disposal.

#### Section 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

These manufactured articles can be heavy and awkward to lift and install posing risks such as sprains to the back, arms and legs. Use proper lifting and handling techniques. Wear clean gloves to protect hands from rough edges and glass fibers. If cutting, grinding or performing similar operations, minimize dust generation and accumulation. Wear personal protective equipment to protect eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Avoid breathing dust. See Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Protect products from weather and store indoors in a cool, dry, ventilated area away from moisture. Incompatible with: acids, phosphorus, diazomethane, aluminum (at high temperatures).

## Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Chemical name(s)	CAS#	ACGIH - TLV (mg/m3)	OSHA (mg/m3)
Gypsum – Calcium sulfate hemihydrate	10034-76-1	10	15 (T) / 5 (R) PEL
Portland cement	65997-15-1	1	10 (T) / 5 (R) PEL
Glass fiber	65997-17-3	10	15 (T) / 5 (R) PEL
Crystalline silica, quartz sand	14808-60-7	0.025	4.3(T) / 3.3 (R) TWA
Vermiculite	13808-00-9	15	15 (T) / 5 (R) PEL
Acrylic polymer	57-55-6	10	n/a
Binder	919-30-2	n/a	n/a
Color pigments	57455-37-5	10	15 (T) / 5 (R) PEL
	1317-61-9	5	15 (T) / 5 (R) PEL
	13463-67-7	10	10 (T) PEL
	1308-38-9	0.5	0.5 TWA
Wood or steel (for reinforcement)	Not Assigned	0.5	15 (T) / 5 (R) PEL

OSHA - Occupational Health and Safety Administration; PEL – Permissible Exposure limit TWA – Time Weighted Average; (T) – Total dust; (R) - Respirable fraction ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Hygienists; TLV – Threshold Limit Value

Note: Exposure to airborne respirable crystalline silica dust and wood dust are listed by IARC, NTP and California Proposition 65 as known to cause cancer. Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause silicosis, a lung disease. While there may be a factor of individual susceptibility to a given exposure to respirable silica dust, the risk of contracting silicosis and the severity of the disease is clearly related to the amount exposure and the length of time (usually years) of exposure. Take precautions to prevent and/or control dust levels, if any, to within approved limits.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Normal handling and use of the manufactured articles as supplied do not create a risk of exposure beyond personal exposure limits. If cutting, grinding or other modifications are made to the manufactured articles that generate dust, take precautions to keep dust levels below permissible exposure limits through the use of portable dust collectors and/or ventilation, as needed. If necessary, use a process enclosure with adequate ventilation to contain, extract and/or collect dust.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protection equipment

Respiratory Protection	When dust is present wear a NIOSH approved respirator that is properly fitted.
Eye/face protection	Wear appropriate safety glasses, goggles or face shields as the nature of the work dictates.
Skin Protection	Wear clean gloves when handling parts. Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Remove clothing and protective equipment that becomes dusty and clean before reusing.
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Solid; gray in color

Odour: Little or none

Odour threshold: Not applicable

Vapour pressure: Not applicable

Vapour density: Not applicable

pH: Not applicable Relative Density: 2–5 lb/ft² (10-24 kg/m²)

Melting point: Not applicable Solubility: Not applicable

Freezing point: Not applicable
Initial boiling point: Not applicable
Flash point: Not applicable
Decomposition temperature: Not available

Evaporation rate: Not applicable Viscosity: Not applicable

Flammability: Noncombustible

## Section 10: Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** Calcium sulfate reacts with water in the powder state.

Chemical stability Stable at normal conditions

Possibility of hazardous

Reactions

No dangerous reaction known under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to avoid Not known

**Incompatible materials** Acids, phosphorus, Diazomethane, aluminum (at high temperatures).

Hazardous decomposition

**Products** 

Toxic gases and particulates (such as oxides of sulfur)may be released in a

fire involving calcium sulfate.

## Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute Calcium sulfate hemihydrate (CAS # 10034-76-1)

Oral Rat > 1586

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Dust in contact with skin can cause irritation or dry skin

Serious eve damage/eve

Irritation

Dust in the eyes will cause eye irritation

Skin sensitizationNot classifiedRespiratory sensitizationNot classifiedGerm cell mutagenicityNot classified

Carcinogenicity Not expected to be hazardous by OSHA criteria

Note: Exposure to airborne respirable crystalline silica dust and wood dust are listed by IARC, NTP and California Proposition 65 as a lung carcinogen known to cause cancer. Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause silicosis, a lung disease. While there may be a factor of individual susceptibility to a given exposure to respirable silica dust, the risk of contracting silicosis and the severity of the disease is clearly related to the amount exposure and the length of time (usually years) of exposure.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Crystalline Silica (Quartz) CAS# 14808-60-7 1 (Carcinogenic to humans)

Wood dust CAS# Not Assigned 1 (Carcinogenic to humans)

Reproductive toxicity

STOT single exposure

STOT repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard

Not classified

Not classified

Not classified

Chronic effects Not hazardous under normal conditions of use

# Section 12: Ecological information

These solid manufactured articles do not represent a spill, leak or accidental release hazard and not known to produce an adverse effect on ecology.

Toxicity

No data available

Persistence and degradability No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

## Section 13: Disposal considerations

For the safety of persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities, please refer to Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection. Treat these materials as solid waste. Do not dispose of in sewers, drainage systems or waterways. Dispose of material in accordance with federal, state or provincial, and local regulations.

# Section 14: Transport information

Note: These manufactured articles are not classified as a hazardous material under United States DOT or Canadian TDG regulations.

Transport in bulk according Not applicable to Annex II of Marpol 73/78 and the IBC code

## Section 15: Regulatory information

The items that are the subject of this Safety Data Sheet fall within the scope of the definition of "manufactured articles" by United States and Canadian regulations concerning hazardous materials. The information provided pertains to the individual ingredients used to make these manufactured articles.

These manufactured articles are not subject to the Montreal protocol, Stockholm convention or the Rotterdam convention.

#### **US California proposition 65**

Note: Silica, crystalline (airborne particles of a respirable size) and Wood dust are listed as chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer. The manufactured articles that are the subject of this SDS contain crystalline silica and may contain wood. Performing cutting, grinding or other operations that create dust may produce airborne particles of respirable size. See Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection.

### Section 16: Other information

HMIS Ratings Health: 1; Flammability: 0; Physical hazard: 0 Personal Protection: E

**NFPA Ratings** Health: 1; Fire: 0; Reactivity: 0

HMIS/NFPA hazard legend 0 = Minimal; 1 = Slight; 2= Moderate; 3 = Serious; 4 = Severe

E = Safety glasses, gloves and dust respirator

**Abbreviations legend** 

HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System
CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

NFPA - National Fire Protection Association
DOT - Department of Transportation (US)

IARC - International Agency for Research on cancer NTP-- National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Health and Safety Administration TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Cdn.)

NIOSH - National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

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#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge as of the date issued and is typical of the articles manufactured. Some variations could be expected with custom made articles due to part size and its structural requirements, color and support embedments etc. The information given is provided as a guideline for safe handling, use, storage, transportation, disposal and not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The user assumes full responsibility for applying the appropriate safety measures when these products are used.